

Cultural Heritage Preservation using Smart Structural Health Monitoring

Maguid H.M. Hassan The British University in Egypt (BUE) mhassan@bue.edu.eg



Outline

- Cultural Heritage
- Structural Health Monitoring
- Objective
- Smart Pattern Identification
 - ANN model
 - FIS model
- Reliability & Uncertainty Sources
- Reliability Assessment Framework
- Proposed Model



Cultural Heritage

- Is used to identify structures and/or monuments that were built to document a range of cultural values, achievements of previous civilizations, identity of local communities and the history of Humanity in general.
- Such Heritage is invaluable and should be preserved to reach as many generations as possible.
- Such Heritage comprises unconventional Structural Systems, ex. Monuments, Historic Buildings, etc.



Cultural Heritage



wagutu H.M. Hassan



Cultural Heritage







Qurqumas Mosque 1880



Cultural Heritage



Maguid H.M. Hassan



Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)

- SHM emerged as an important tool capable of providing continuous monitoring of special structures.
- High rise buildings and long span bridges are examples of such structures that are today equipped with SHM systems.
- Such systems could also be integral components of smart control systems.
- The following examples are equipped with SHM systems.



Burj Khalifa-Dubai



830 m Height



Sky Tree-Japan



634 m Height



Akashi Kaikyo Bridge-Japan



1991 m Span



Xihoumen Bridge-China



1650 m Span



Smart Structural Health Monitoring (SSHM)

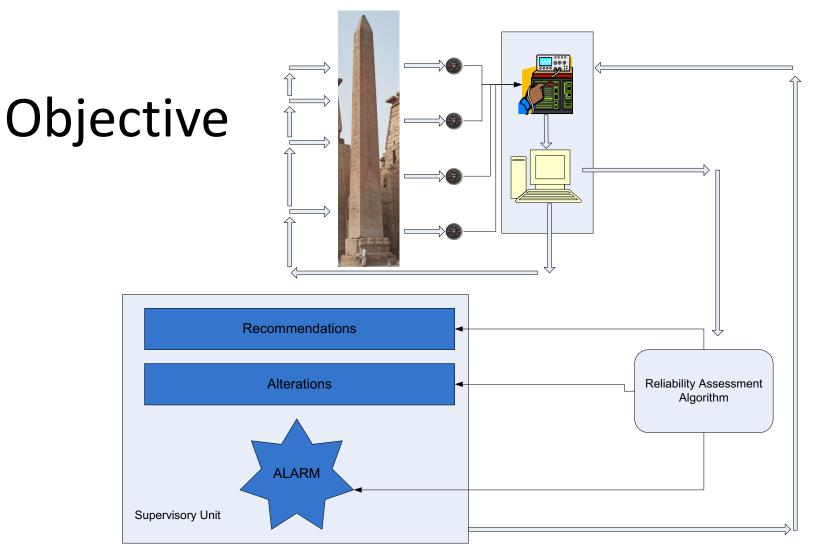
- Underpinned by smart technology, such as Fuzzy Logic, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms, etc.
- Employs smart sensors with the developments in MEMS.
- To be able to handle vague, uncertain and incomplete information.
- Absence of accurate structural models.



Objective

- Develop a potential SSHM technique to provide:
 - Continuous monitoring.
 - Sound alarms in case an unacceptable deformed shape is identified.
 - Take into consideration various sources of uncertainty.
 - The proposed system shall satisfy an acceptable level of reliability.





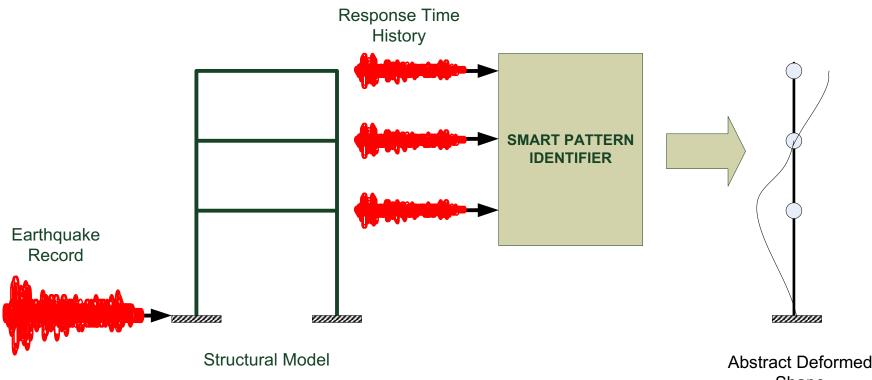


Smart Pattern Identification

- Is a mechanism that was developed as an integral component within a smart controller for structural systems.
- The system should Identify the deformed shape of the monitored monument, in real time.
- If deformed shape exceeds pre-set allowed shapes, sound alarms.
- Propose remedies and/or actions.



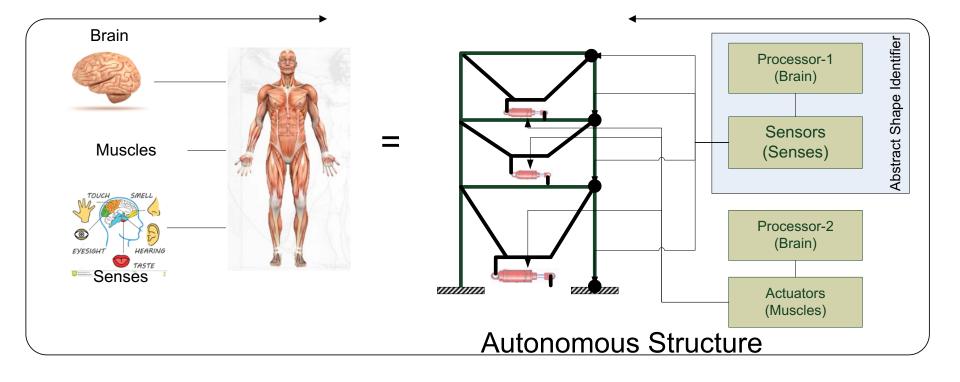
Smart Pattern Identification



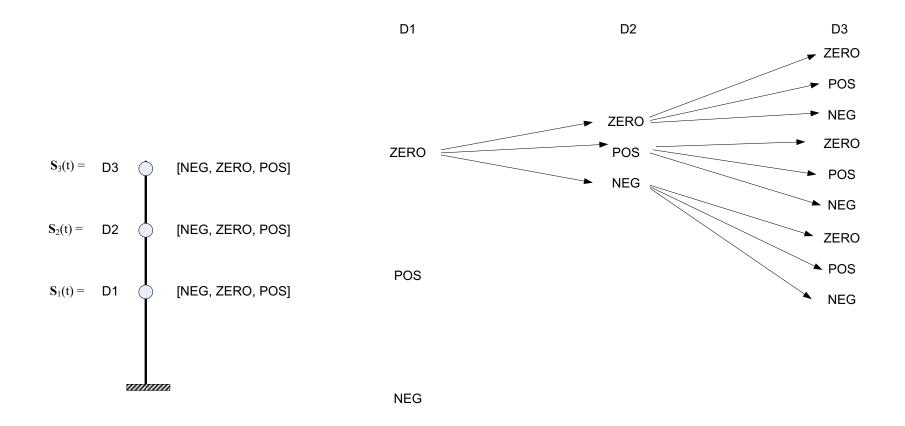
Shape



Smart/Autonomus Structures



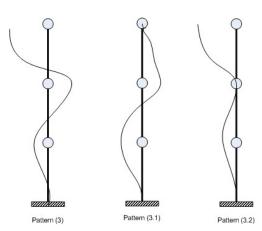


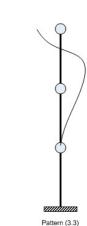


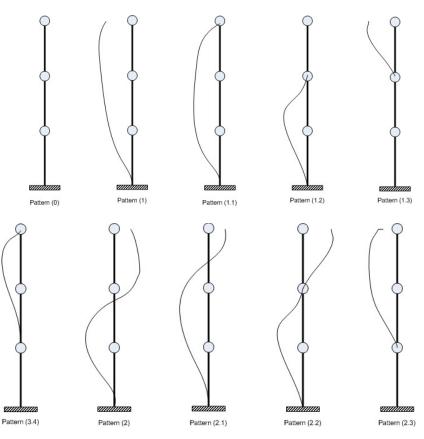


Pattern Classifications

 Smart Pattern Identifiers are trained/designed to identify an abstract deformed pattern of a structural system, real time.







Maguid H.M. Hassan

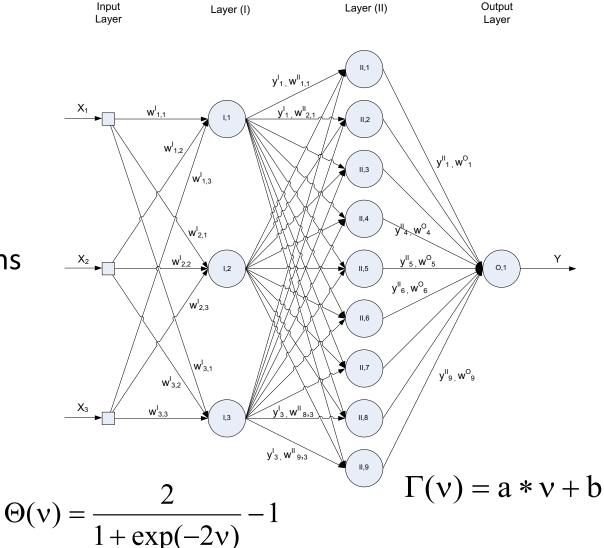


ANN Model

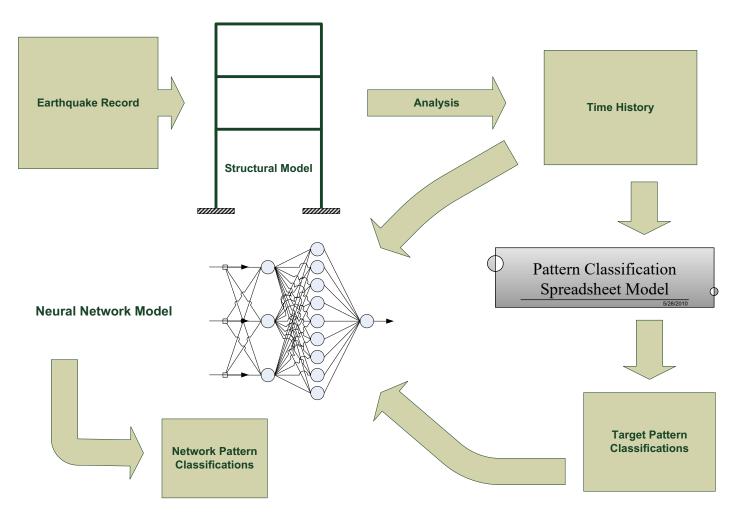
- Input layer
- Two hidden layers
- Output layer
- Activation Functions

$$v_{i}^{I} = \sum_{j=1}^{3} w_{ij}^{I} * X_{j}$$

 $y^{I_{i}} = \Theta(v^{I_{i}})$

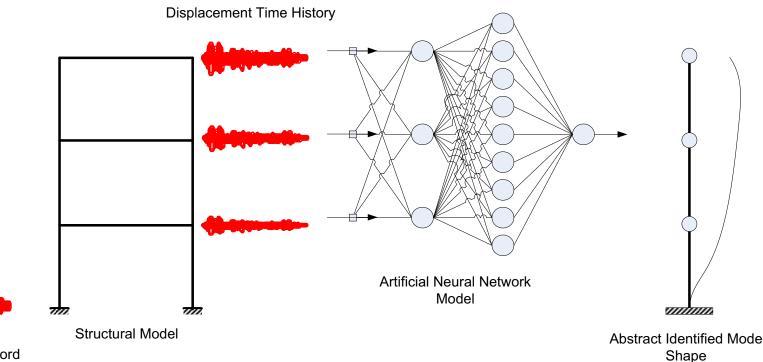






ANN Training Scheme



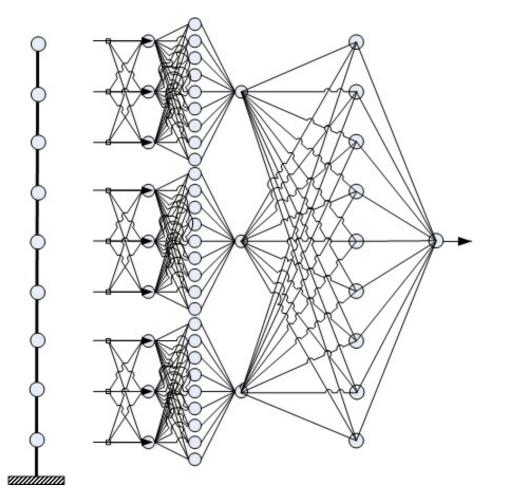


Earthquake Record

ANN Performance



Multi Degree of Freedom Systems



Maguid H.M. Hassan

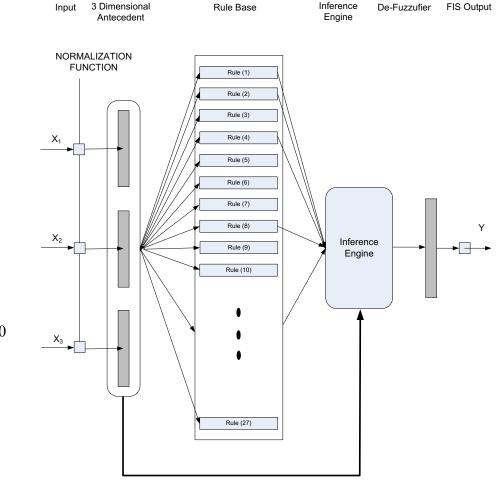


Fuzzufier/

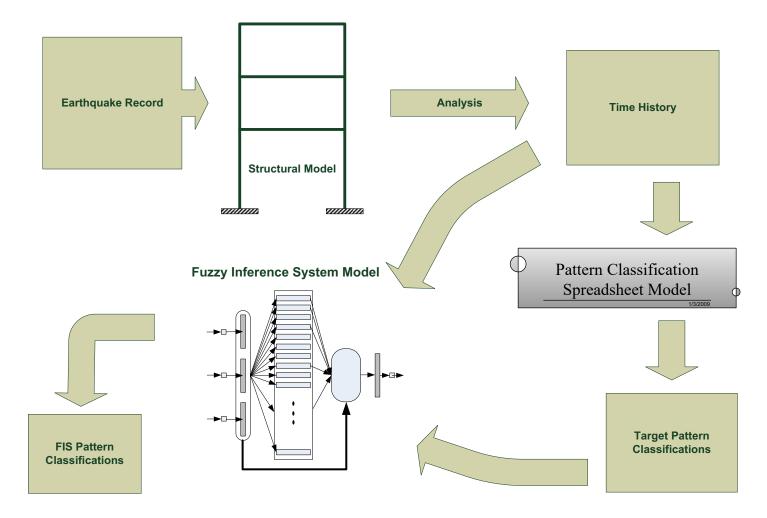
FIS Model

- Normalization
- Rule Base
- Membership Functions
- Inference Engine

$$\mu_{\text{NEGATIVE-LEVEL}_{i}}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} \frac{\mathbf{x}}{\text{LB}} & \text{for } \text{LB} \le \mathbf{x} \le \mathbf{0} \\ 0 & \text{for all other values of } \mathbf{x} \end{cases}$$
$$\mu_{\text{ZERO-LEVEL}_{i}}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{10^{-6}} (-10^{-6} - \mathbf{x}) & \text{for } -10^{-6} \le \mathbf{x} < \mathbf{0} \\ \frac{1}{10^{-6}} (10^{-6} - \mathbf{x}) & \text{for } \mathbf{0} \le \mathbf{x} < 10^{-6} \\ 0 & \text{for all other values of } \mathbf{x} \end{cases}$$
$$\mu_{\text{POSITIVE-LEVEL}_{i}}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} \frac{\mathbf{x}}{\text{UB}} & \text{for } \mathbf{0} \le \mathbf{x} \le \text{UB} \\ 0 & \text{for all other values of } \mathbf{x} \end{cases}$$

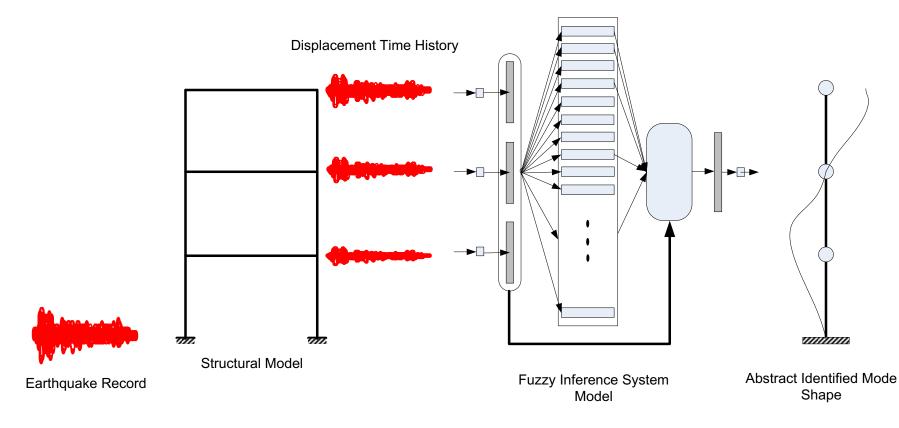






FIS Testing Scheme

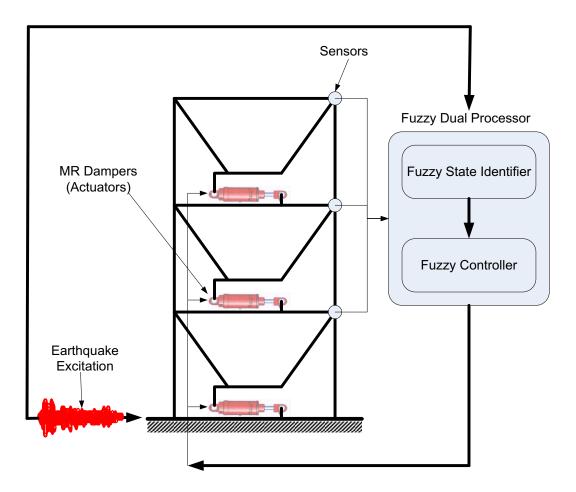




FIS Performance

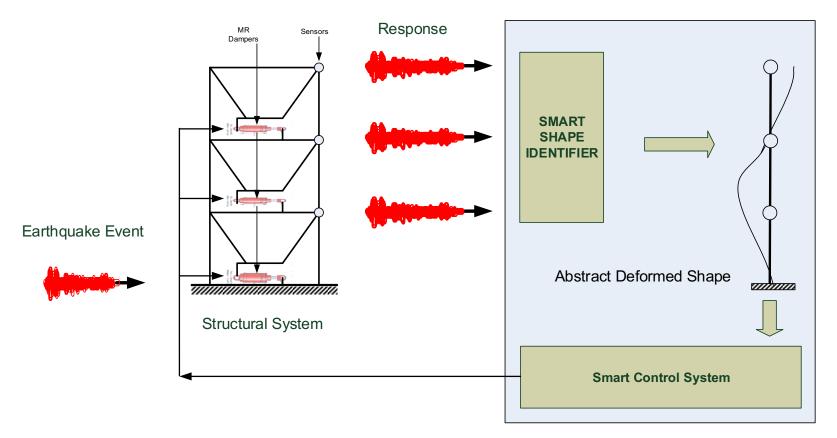


Potential Smart Control Scheme



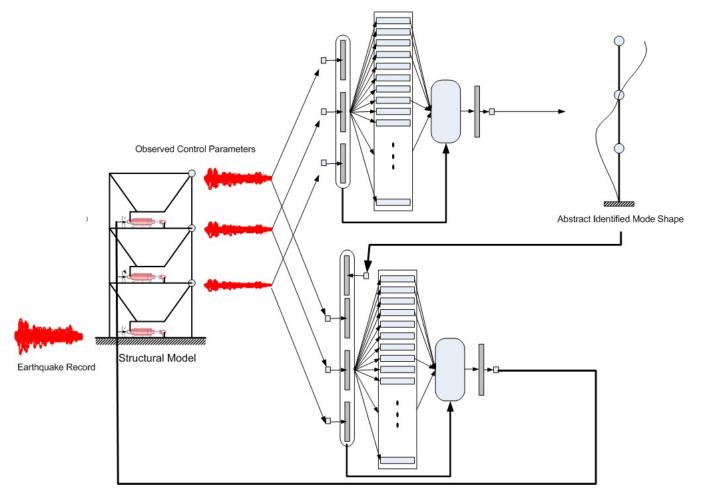


Potential Smart Control Scheme





Potential Smart Control Scheme



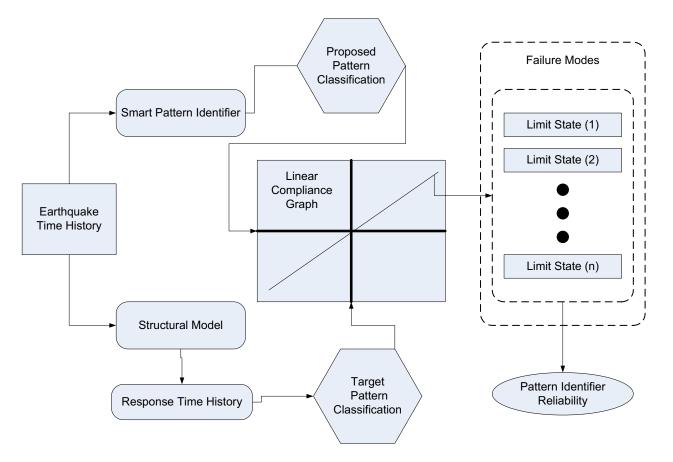


Reliability & Uncertainty Sources

- Training Process
- Forcing Earthquake
- Rule Base
- Membership Functions
- Other...

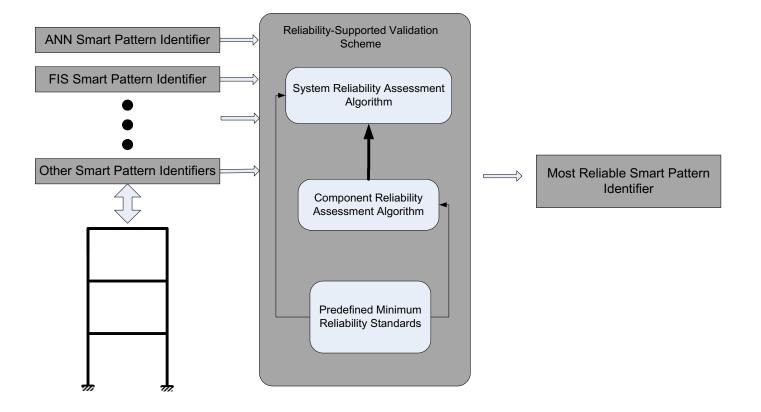


Reliability Assessment Framework





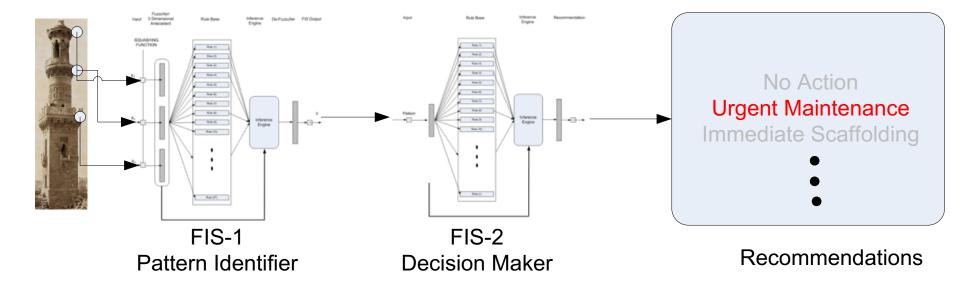
Reliability Assessment Framework

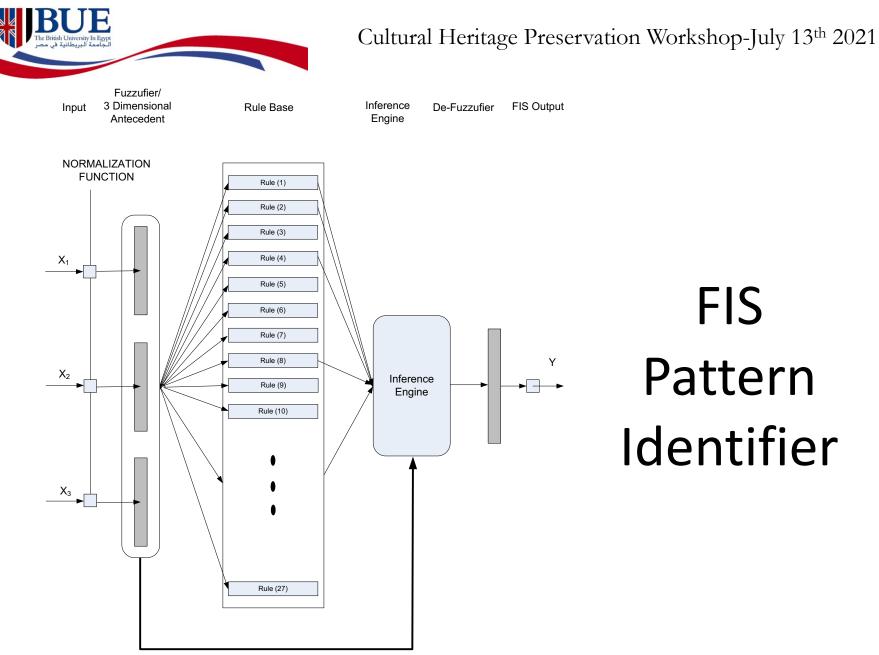


The British University In Egypt الجامعة البريطانية في مصر

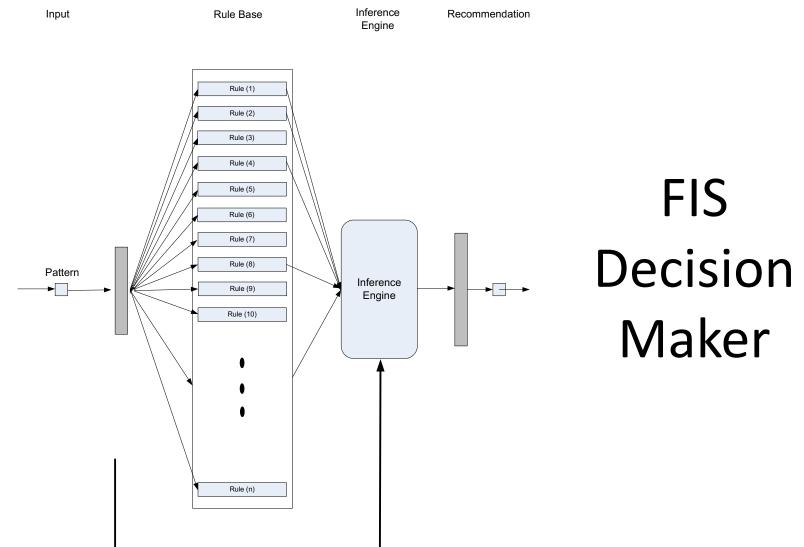
Cultural Heritage Preservation Workshop-July 13th 2021

Proposed Model



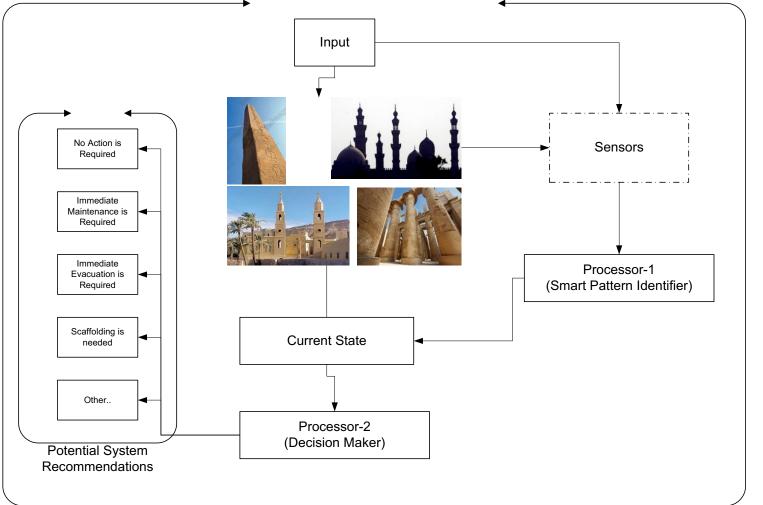








Proposed Model





References

- Hassan, M.H.M. (2005). "Reliability Evaluation of Smart Structural Systems." IMECE2005, ASME International Mechanical Engineering Congress & Exposition, November 5-11, Orlando, Florida USA.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2006). "A System Model for Reliability Assessment of Smart Structural Systems." Structural Engineering & Mechanics, An International Journal, Vol. 23, No. 5, July 30, pp. 455-468.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2008). "A Reliability Assessment Model for MR Damper Components within a Structural Control Scheme." Third International Conference Smart Materials, Structures & Systems, Acireale, Sicily, Italy, June 8-13.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2008). "A Reliability Assessment Model for MR Damper Components within a Structural Control Scheme." Advances in Science & Technology, Vol. 56, pp 218-224.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2010). "Smart Pattern Recognition of Structural Systems." Smart Structures & Systems, An International Journal, Vol. 6, No. 1, pp 39-56.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2010). "Toward Reliability-Based Design of Smart Pattern Identifiers for Semi Active Control Applications" Fifth World Conference on Structural Control and Monitoring, 5WCSCM 2010, Tokyo, Japan, July 12-14.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2012). "Real-Time Smart Shape Identifiers" 4th International Conference on Smart Materials, Structures & Systems, CIMTEC 2012, June 10-14, Montecantini Terme, Italy.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2012). "Reliable Smart Structural Control." 5th European Conference on Structural Control, EACS 2012, June 18-20, Genoa, Italy.
- Maguid H. M. Hassan (2012). Fuzzy Controllers: A Reliable Component of Smart Sustainable Structural Systems, Fuzzy Controllers- Recent Advances in Theory and Applications, Sohail Iqbal (Ed.), ISBN: 978-953-51-0759-0.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (2013) "Real-Time Smart Shape Identifiers." Advances in Science & Technology, Vol. 83, pp 144-150.
- Elmeligy, O.M.M. & Hassan, M.H.M. (2016). "Fuzzy Control of Three-Degree-of-Freedom Systems using Multiple MR Dampers." 6th European Conference on Structural Control, EACS 2016, July 11-13, Sheffield, UK.
- Bahei-El-Din, Y. & Hassan, M.H.M. (Editors) (2016) "Advanced Technologies for Sustainable Systems." Lecture Notes in Networks and Systems, 4, Selected Contributions from the International Conference on Sustainable Vital Technologies in Engineering & Informatics, BUE ACE1 7-9 November 2016, Springer.
- Elmeligy, O.M.M. & Hassan, M.H.M. (2016). "Optimum Allocation of MR Dampers within Semi-Active Control Strategies of Three-Degree-of-Freedom Systems." In Sustainable Vital Technologies in Engineering & Informatics, BUE-ACE1, November 7-9, Cairo, EGYPT.
- Elmeligy, O.M.M. & Hassan, M.H.M. (2016). "Optimum Allocation of MR Dampers within Semi-Active Control Strategies of Three-Degree-of-Freedom Systems." International Journal of Recent Contributions from Engineering, Science & IT (iJES), Issue 4, vol. 4, 2016, https://doi.org/10.3991/ijes.v4i4.6546.
- Hassan, M.H.M. (Editor) (2019) "Advances in Structural Health Monitoring." Open Access peer-reviewed volume, May 2019, IntechOpen.



mhassan@bue.edu.eg

THANK YOU!!